Install Operating System (Raspbian)

Saturday, February 24, 2018 12:06 PM

Basic Operating System Installation

- 1. Format (erase) microSD (SD Card Formatter from SD-3C, LLC) If the microSD card was previously used, reclaim full capacity before formatting (see Details for more information)
 - a. From Windows, run diskpart
 - b. list disk
 - c. select disk # (replace # with appropriate disk number be very careful to get the right one!)
 - d. *clean*
 - e. *exit*
 - 2. Download current NOOBS file from: https://www.raspberrypi.org/downloads/noobs
- 3. Copy NOOBS to microSD
- 4. Boot Rpi with microSD
- 5. Select: install Raspbian
- 6. Select: US keyboard
- 7. Select: WiFi to use during installation
- 8. Select: install
- 9. Boot Raspbian
- 10. Open Applications Menu
- 11. Select: Preferences -> Raspberry Pi Configuration
- 12. Select: Hostname and Enter name for this Rpi (system should store it in: /etc/hostname and /etc/hosts)
- 13. Select: Change Password and Enter your desired password (twice)
- 14. Select: Interfaces tab enable SSH & VNC if you will be accessing the Rpi from another system ex: Windows
- 15. Select: Localization tab.
- 16. Select: Locale and set Language to English and Country to US
- 17. Select: Set Time Zone -> Arizona
- 18. Select: Set Keyboard and set country as United States and Variant as English (US)
- 19. Select: Set WiFi Country -> US
- 20. Reboot by Selecting Applications Menu -> Shutdown -> Reboot
- 21. Open Terminal and Enter: *sudo apt-get update* followed by *sudo apt-get upgrade* (answer y when asked)
- 22. Enter: sudo shutdown -r now to restart

Using an Ethernet Connection

- 1. Right-click the Communications icon on the Panel
- 2. Select: Wireless & Wired Network Settings
- 3. Select: the down arrow on the upper right-hand box
- 4. Select: eth0
- 5. Fill in the configuration (turn off IPv6 if you are not using it)
- 6. Select: Apply -> Close
- If not using WiFi, click the Communications icon on the Panel and Select: Turn Off WiFi
- 8. NOTE: in the future, you can remove unwanted WIFI networks that have accumulated by editing: *sudo nano /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf*

Adapter Configuration

- 1. Set Wireless and Wired IP Addresses
 - a. Right-click network menu item (up/down arrows) in the header
 - b. Select Wireless & Wired Network Settings
 - c. Select wlan0, disable IPv6 (if you are not using it), fill in remainder of parameters.
 - d. Select eth0, disable IPv6 (if you are not using it), fill in remainder of parameters.
- 2. Select Wi-Fi Network
 - a. Click the network menu item in the header
 - b. Select the wi-fi network you desire and answer any applicable questions
- 3. Create System Directory in user pi
 - a. If this is a new installation create Install and Backup Shell Scripts
 - b. If this is a rebuild, re-create pi directory from system backup.

4. HELP

- a. You can remove unwanted WIFI networks: *sudo nano /etc/wpa_supplicant/wpa_supplicant.conf*
- b. You can see the names of wireless interfaces by: *iw dev* (see name & info replace *INTERFACE* in the following commands with a name shown from this command) *iw dev INTERFACE* link (check link status) *iw dev INTERFACE station* dump (get statistical information)
- c. To *manually* configure networking (not usually required if used, see if 1st command resolves the problem ex: picked up wrong wireless network and need to force change) :

sudo ifconfig eth0 (or *wlan0*, ..) *192.168.1.5* (your address) *netmask 255.255.255.0 up* - Sets IP

sudo route add default gw 192.168.1.1 (replace with your gateway address)

sudo echo ''nameserver 4.2.2.2'' > /etc/resolv.conf (replace address with your DNS address

Note: You can also *sudo nano /etc/resolv.conf* to change the DNS address

For more:

https://wiki.archlinux.org/index.php/Wireless_network_configuration